the installation. Improper installation will void the warranty.

and will keep its great look for years. Please read all the instructions and follow all recommendations before you begin

Check off each Item Standard Why it is critical item Subfloor must be flat within Subfloor flatness A non-flat subfloor can cause gapping, 3/16" / 5 mm over a 10' / 3 m buckling, and damage to the locking system. radius. Subfloor moisture Concrete subfloor: Subfloor moisture can cause site-related issues which might lead to an installation - pH ≤ 9 failure, alkali salt buildup damage to joints, - CM ≤ 2.5% - ASTM F2170 RH ≤ 90% and a potential mold source. - ASTM F1869 ≤ 8 lb/1000 ft2 / \leq 3.63 kg/92 m2 6 mil / 0.15 mm poly sheeting is required on - ASTM F2659 MC ≤ 4.0% concrete substrates. Wood subfloor: - MC ≤12% Subfloor deflection Subfloor must be structural-Subfloor deflection will cause gapping and ly sound with no joint damage to the locking mechanism. up-and-down movement. No soft substrates. Additional soft underlayment is not to be Approved used and will void the warranty. Cushioned substrate vinyl, floating floors, and carpets are not suitable substrates. Vinyl flooring should never be installed over wood that is installed over concrete doing so will void the warranty. Inspect planks Inspect planks to be installed Prior to installation, inspect the material in closely for visible damage. daylight for visible faults/damage, including defects or discrepancies in color or shine; check the edges of the flooring for straightness and any damage. No claims on surface defects will be accepted after installation. Maintain Floating floors must be free to Improper expansion can cause cupping, appropriate gapping, and damage to the locking system. move. expansion space

I. GENERAL PREPARATIONS

or vacuum.

• Flooring products can be damaged by rough handling before installation. Exercise care when handling and transporting these products. Store, transport and handle the cartons in a manner to prevent any damage. Store cartons flat, never on edge. Flooring products can be heavy and bulky. Always use proper lifting techniques when handling these products.

- Whenever possible, make use of material-handling equipment such as dollies or material carts. Never lift more than vou can safely handle: get assistance. Calculate the room surface prior to installation and plan an extra 10% of flooring for cutting allowance.
- The environment where the flooring is to be installed is critically important with regard to successful installation and continued performance of the flooring products. The flooring is intended to be installed in interior locations only.
- acclimation is required. In this case, keep the boards at room temperature for at least 12 hours in an unopened package before you start the installation. The room temperature must be maintained consistently between 50-90°F / 10-32°C before and during the installation. • The flooring should only be installed in temperature ranges between 50-90°F / 10-32°C, it is necessary to maintain

a constant temperature before and during the installation. Portable heaters are not recommended as they may not

heat the room and subfloor sufficiently. Kerosene heaters should never be used.

• The substrate should not slope more than 1" / 25 mm per 6 ft / 2 m in any direction.

II. SUBFLOOR INFORMATION • The flooring can be installed over most existing hard surface floor coverings, provided that the existing floor surface is structurally sound, clean, dry, and smooth. Subfloor variations should not exceed 3/16" / 5 mm in a 10' / 3

Depressions, deep grooves, expansion joints, and other subfloor imperfections must be filled with patching &

 Do not use products containing petroleum, solvents, or citrus oils to prepare substrates as they can cause staining and expansion of the new flooring.

Substrates must be free from excessive moisture or alkali. Remove dirt, paint, varnish, wax, oils, solvents, and any

Existing sheet vinyl floors must not be cushioned and not exceed more than one layer in thickness. Soft underlayment and soft substrates will diminish the product's inherent strength in the clicking mechanism and resisting indentations and could void the warranty.

leveling compound.

foreign matter and contaminants.

not temperature-controlled.

of the flooring.

WOOD SUBFLOORS

- or squeaks before you begin the installation. • Wood subfloors must have no more than 12% MC (moisture content). • Basements and crawl spaces must be dry. Use of a 6 mil / 0.15 mm poly-film is required to cover 100% of the crawl space earth.
- must be installed following their manufacturer's recommendations. DO NOT install over sleeper construction subfloors or wood subfloors applied directly over concrete. **CONCRETE SUBFLOORS**

• Existing concrete subfloors must be fully cured, at least 60 days old, smooth, permanently dry, clean, and free of

• The subfloor must be dry. With a pH limit of 9 and comply with moisture content requirements and tested as per

Concrete moisture vapor emissions must not exceed 8 lb / 3.63 kg MVER (moisture vapor emission rate) per

all foreign material such as dust, wax, solvents, paint, grease, oils, and old adhesive residue.

1000 ft2 / 93 m2 per 24 hours. This can be measured with the calcium chloride test (ASTM F1869).

Max. 2.5% moisture content (CM method / ASTM F2659). Max. 4.0 MC as per ASTM F2659 (a meter calibrated for concrete and qualified by gravimetric testing must be

DO NOT INSTALL OVER

IMPORTANT NOTICE

concrete.

90% RH (ASTM F2170).

MORE SUSCEPTIBLE TO INDENTATION.

sensor is recommended to avoid overheating.

the below methods:

 A minimum of 6 mil / 0.15 mm poly-film is required as a moisture barrier between the concrete subfloor and the flooring.

NOTE: THE RESPONSIBILITY OF DETERMINING IF THE EXISTING FLOORING IS SUITABLE TO BE

 Any type of carpet. Existing cushion-backed vinyl flooring. • Floating floor of any type, loose lay, and perimeter fastened sheet vinyl.

· Before installing over newly constructed radiant heat systems, operate the system at maximum capacity to force • Make sure that the temperature in the room is maintained consistently between 50-90°F / 10-32°C before and • Once the installation is completed, the heating system should be turned on at the ambient temperature and gradu-

systems and adhere to the guidelines listed above.

III. INSTALLATION

the entire work area to remove all dust and debris. • With a floating floor you must always ensure you leave a 1/4" / 6 mm gap between walls and fixtures such as

kg/m3), high compressive strength (≥200 kPa according to EN 16354, ASTM D3575-20, Suffix D), and <10% thickness change (according to ASTM D3575-20, Suffix B) that supports the click system during daily use. Thicker underlayments, underlayments with a low density and inadequate compressive strength could damage the locking mechanism and will void the warranty. • If the floor HAS a pre-attached underlayment, the use of an additional underlayment could damage the locking

• CUTTING TIPS: To cut the plank, use a simple utility knife and ruler, and with the top side facing up, cut heavily and several times on the same axis. The knife will not go through the surface but make a deep cut. You can then lift one half of the plank using your other hand to hold down the second placing it very close to the cut. The plank

ATTENTION: The letter 'L' or 'R' marked on the back of each herringbone plank indicates two different profiling directions. There is the same number of L planks and R planks in each box. Please pay attention to the markings

will split naturally. For ease of installation, cuts may be made using a laminate or vinyl flooring cutter.

be expected with an underlayment of 0.04" / 1 mm maximum thickness with a high density (>8.4 lb/ft3 / >135

and always install them paired together. In the below instructions, L planks are represented in white, R marked planks are represented in grey.

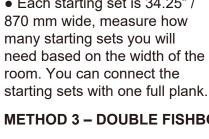
METHOD 1 – FISHBONE DIAGONAL PATTERN Using a pencil, a string and a ruler, draw a line at 45° that will be used to align the

> then start staggering your spacers across your wall, leaving a 1/4" / 6 mm expansion

> > One starting set

gap with the wall.

 Start from the left corner opposite the door. Use an 'L' marked plank first and put the tongue sides against the wall. Then take your 2nd plank (marked 'R') and place it perpendicularly to the 1st (Refer to the clicking tips on the bottom of the



⚠ ATTENTION! For the double fishbone pattern, the cuts are different than what is indicated in the template inside of

the box. Use measurements in the below table to cut the 5 planks (L1, L2, L3, R1, R2) of the starting

set to the right size.

Groove side

Plank

L1

L2

R1

R2

L3

install the planks in the gap. **CLICKING TIPS** make sure they are clicked tightly and aligned perfectly.

Holes for pipes:

INSTALLATION IN WET AREAS

planks and the adjoining surface.

V. MAINTENANCE

123 mm 246 mm 123 mm 369mm 246 mm 369 mm 492 mm 615mm 492 mm Tongue: Groove: • When you reach the walls on both sides, measure the distance between the wall and the closest starting set. Assemble a new set, mark the measured distance on it, cut the planks (the set can be disassembled for this) and Continue this pattern until the room is entirely covered. **IMPORTANT:** We recommend to apply a high-grab high-shear hard-setting adhesive inside the locking system at the short side of the planks for additional engagement, avoid using adhesive excessively and be sure to immediately wipe away any excess that comes out to the floor's surface.

Measure the diameter of the pipe and drill

Place the short end tight to perpendicular plank. Click it into the long end of the parallel panel at a 45° angle. Fold down in a single movement. It is recommended to slightly tap the planks on the edge after clicking them together to **IMPORTANT:** If you notice both planks aren't at the same height or are not well-locked together, please follow the disassembling instructions at the bottom of the page, disassemble, and check if any debris stuck inside the lock is obstructing. Failure to properly line up the end joint and attempting to force it in while out of alignment could result in permanent damage to the end joint.

plank.

Door molding: Lay a board (with the decorative side down)

 Apply silicone sealant to connections to doorframes or any other fixed objects. IV. FINISHING THE INSTALLATION

to protect the product from prolonged exposure to intense heat. Do not buff or sand the surface.

Use a T-molding to separate the wet area from the rest of the installation.

- Clean up spills and excessive liquids immediately. Damp mop as needed and use neutral cleaners recommended for vinyl flooring. The use of residential steam mops and spray mops on this product is allowed. Use at the lowest power with a suitable soft pad, and do not hold a steam mop on one spot for an extended period of time (longer than 30 seconds).
- other rolling furniture with wide-surface, casters at least 2" / 5 cm in diameter. Place a walk-off mat at outside entrances to reduce the amount of dirt brought into your home. Do not use mats with latex or rubber backing since these backings can cause permanent discoloration. • Do not use abrasive cleaners, bleach, or wax to maintain the floor.

Use proper floor protection devices such as felt protectors under furniture. Equip wheeled-type office chairs and

- - Prior to installation, inspect the material in daylight for visible faults/damage, including defects or discrepancies in color or shine; check the edges of the flooring for straightness and any damage. No claims on surface defects will be accepted after installation. • It is preferable to lay boards following the direction of the main source of light. For the best result, make sure to always work from 2 to 3 cartons at a time, mixing the planks during the installation. • Check if subfloor/site conditions comply with the specifications described in these instructions. If the subfloor is not within specifications, DO NOT INSTALL, and contact your supplier.

TOOLS REQUIRED: Spacers, rubber mallet, ruler, pencil, tape measure, utility knife, tapping block, 6 mil / 0.15 mm moisture barrier, square, transition moldings, jamb saw, chalk line, eye protection, level, knee pads (optional), broom

- These interior locations must meet climatic and structural requirements as well. • In most cases, this product does not need to be acclimated. However, if the boxes of flooring were exposed for over 2 hours to extreme temperatures under 50°F / 10°C or over 90°F / 32°C within 12 hours before the installation,
- After installation, make sure that the flooring is not exposed to temperatures less than 0°F / -18°C or greater than 140°F / 60°C. • For floor surfaces exceeding 6400 ft2 / 620 m2 and/or lengths exceeding 80 ft / 25 m, use expansion moldings.
- Although this floor is waterproof, it is not to be used as a moisture barrier. • This product is also not to be installed in areas that have a risk of flooding such as saunas or outdoor areas, seasonal porches, camping trailers, boats, RVs, lanais, rooms that are prone to flooding, or rooms or homes that are

Acceptable job site conditions, including subfloor moisture conditions, must be maintained throughout the lifetime

• We recommend laying the flooring crossways to the existing floorboards. • All other subfloors - plywood, OSB, particleboard, chipboard, wafer board, etc. must be structurally sound and

• If this flooring is intended to be installed over an existing wood floor, it is recommended to repair any loose boards

used).

INSTALLED OVER RESTS SOLELY WITH THE INSTALLER/FLOORING CONTRACTOR ON SITE. IF THERE IS ANY DOUBT AS TO SUITABILITY, THE EXISTING FLOORING SHOULD BE REMOVED, OR AN ACCEPTABLE UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLED OVER IT. INSTALLATIONS OVER EXISTING RESILIENT FLOORING MAY BE

In-floor Radiant Heat: Flooring can be installed over 1/2" / 12 mm embedded radiant heat using the floating

- Warning: Electric heating mats that are not embedded into the subfloor are not recommended for use underneath the floors. Using electric heating mats that are not embedded and applied directly underneath the floors could void the warranty for your floor in case of failure. It is best to install the flooring over embedded radiant floor heating
- Remove trim molding, wall base, appliances, and furniture from the room. For the best results, door jambs must be undercut to allow the flooring to move freely without being pinched. After preparation work, sweep and vacuum
- Separating into distinctive piles will make it easier to find the correct plank should the L or R markings be cut off.

page). For the 3rd and 4th plank, refer to the cutting tips below. Continue the installation according to the sequence.

METHOD 2 – FISHBONE PATTERN

Lì L2

First, follow the cutting template on the inside of your box

to cut the 5 pieces (L1, L2, L3, R1, R2) needed for one

required 5 starting set pieces (L1, L2, L3, R1, R2). You won't be able to use offcuts of the same planks within one

starting set. You will need a total of 5 planks to make the

starting set. Assemble a new set, mark the measured distance on it, cut the planks (the set can be disassembled for this) and install the planks in the **METHOD 3 – DOUBLE FISHBONE PATTERN** STARTING SET One starting set

L3

R1

R2

(L1, L2, L3, R1, R2). You won't be able to use offcuts of the same planks within one set. Align the first starting set with a chalk line going through the center line of the room (to center the installation, make sure the line goes through the tip of the pattern). Always leave a 1/4" / 6 mm expansion gap with the wall. • Each starting set is 34.25" / 870 mm wide, measure how

many starting sets you will need based on the width of the

room. You can connect the starting sets with one full

This sequence is given as an example; it will depend on the shape of the room. It is important to always start with the planks placed against

CUTTING TIPS: To install the 3rd (L), 4th (R), and any other plank that will have the short side against the wall, measure the length of the plank to fit and cut accordingly. Make sure you use the correct side of the plank (see images below).

 Align the first starting set with a chalk line going through the center line of the room (to center the installa-

tion, make sure the line goes through the middle of the

short side of the planks). Always leave a 1/4" / 6 mm

Continue this pattern

until the room is entirely

You will need a total of 5

planks in order to make the required 5 starting set pieces

covered.

the walls.

expansion gap with the wall.

When you reach the walls on both sides, measure

the distance between the wall and the closest

a hole that is 13/16" / 20 mm larger. Saw next to the door molding and saw as shown in the figure. Then slide the floorboard under the off a piece as shown in the figure and lay the board in place on the floor. Then lay the sawed-off piece in place. **IMPORTANT:** This product is not warranted for installation in wet areas with running water and areas with built-in drains, e.g., pool or shower areas.

 Fill the expansion spaces with a compressible PE foam backer rod and cover them with a flexible 100% silicone sealant around the entire perimeter of the installation before installing moldings. Branded and generic silicone tubes

are available at any local home center or hardware store. **IMPORTANT:** Do not use acrylic sealant.

Protect all exposed edges of the flooring by installing wall molding and/or transition strips. Allowing slight clear-

• When possible, use appropriate window coverings, such as drapes, window treatments, or UV-tinting on windows, Sweep or vacuum daily using soft bristle attachments. Do not use a vacuum equipped with a beater bar.

cals directly on the floor.

Refer to the mop's manufacturer instructions for proper usage.

VI. DISASSEMBLING To disassemble, simply lift the planks one by one following the opposite sequence as the installation.

2025.07.07

• Hardwood flooring / wood subfloors that lay directly on concrete or over dimensional lumber or plywood used over method. Maximum operating temperature should never exceed 85°F / 30°C. The use of an in-floor temperature Tip: The best idea to maximize the results of your heating system is to have "ON" times with a comfortable temperature and "OFF" times with setback temperatures which are normally 8°F / 4°C lower than your comfort temperature. The setback temperatures are particularly important as these won't let the temperature of your room drop too much, meaning it is much quicker to heat your room back to comfort levels when it's needed.

• Turn the heat off for 24 hours before, during, and 24 hours after installation when installing over radiant heated subfloors. any residual moisture from the cementitious topping of the radiant heat system. during the installation. ally increased in 9°F / 5°C increments every 12 hours until reaching normal operating conditions. • Refer to the radiant heat system's manufacturer recommendations for additional guidance.

pillars, stairs, etc. These gaps will be covered with trim moldings after the floor is installed. • NOTE: DO NOT FILL IN THE EXPANSION GAPS WITH SILICONE. FOR INSTALLATION IN BATHROOMS AND OTHER WET ROOMS, SEE THE "INSTALLATION IN WET AREAS" SECTION. • Whenever possible, plan the layout so that the joints in the planks do not fall on top of joints or seams in the existing substrate. Do not install your kitchen cabinets directly over your floor. Built-in cabinets, kitchen cabinets, islands, and similar

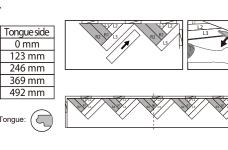
heavy items must be installed first. Only then can the flooring be installed, leaving an appropriate expansion gap around it. This gap will be covered with trim moldings after the floor is installed. The quality of the floor can only be guaranteed if it is allowed to move freely. It must not be nailed, adhered, or fastened to the subfloor in any way. UNDERLAY: If the floor DOES NOT HAVE a pre-attached underlayment, an additional underlayment is recommended in order to improve acoustic performance and absorb some irregularities on the substrate. Best results can

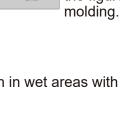
pattern according to the image. You can

mechanism and will VOID warranty.

Each starting set is 34.25" /

set.





ance between the molding and the planks. Make sure that no plank will be secured in any way to the subfloor. At doorways and at other areas where the flooring planks may meet other flooring surfaces, the use of a transition molding is required to cover the exposed edge but do not pinch the planks. Leave a 1/4" / 6 mm gap between the

For stubborn spills use low odor mineral spirits or denatured alcohol applied to a clean cloth. Never pour chemi-Do not drag or slide heavy objects across the floor.